

Anti-aging effect of a Novel Serum that contains L-Ascorbic acid, Pre and Proteoglycans

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INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVES

The purpose of this study is to get to know the subjective evaluation of the acceptability and cosmetic efficacy of a serum containing L-Ascorbic acid, Pre and Proteoglycans. Previous studies have demonstrated that the product has a moisturizing action lasting for 6 hours after a single application.

METHODS

After the application of the serum, acceptability and perceived efficacy was evaluated through a self-assessment questionnaire in 105 females of 35.7 years old on average. The serum was self-applied by the subjects at home, under the normal conditions of use (once a day during 4 weeks). Only usual cleansing and make-up products were permitted as concomitant application.

RESULTS

4 weeks after application, 94% of subjects perceived an immediate hydration, while 91% observed a progressive improvement on their skin hydration day by day. The anti-aging effect was satisfactorily evaluated by subject's reports; 87% reported an immediate anti-fatigue effect (flash effect) and 78% perceived a decrease or smooth of wrinkles and a reduction of expression lines. 95% of the subjects described their skin as more illuminated. No cutaneous or ocular manifestation recorded.

CONCLUSIONS

The novel facial serum containing L-Ascorbic acid, Pre and Proteoglycans proves to be a new breakthrough product for patients due to its reported anti-aging and moisturizing properties.

Consumer test.
After 4 weeks of application of the product, your feeling is:



Moisturizing effect of a novel serum containing L-Ascorbic acid, Pre and Proteoglycans

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INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVES

The purpose of this study is to demonstrate the hydrating effect after single application of a novel serum containing L-Ascorbic acid, Pre and Proteoglycans. Previous studies demonstrated a powerful anti-aging effect by stimulating the synthesis of collagen, elastin and proteoglycans in skin ex-plants and antioxidant properties in in-vitro studies.

METHODS

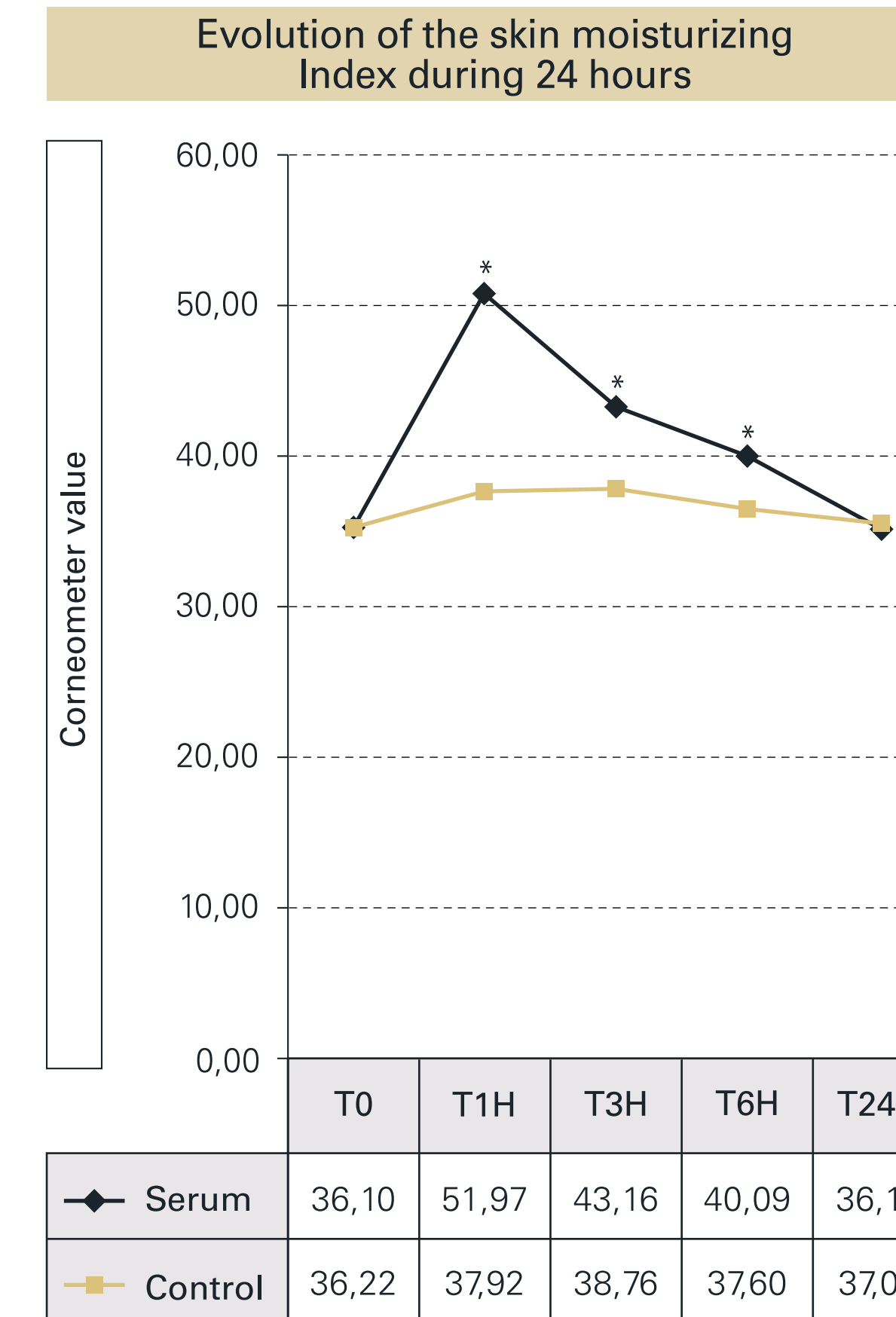
Moisturizing effect was evaluated in an open, monocentric and randomized study in 40 female volunteers, with an average age of 49.2 ± 10.2 years old. Each subject received a detailed informed consent. Cutaneous hydration was measured using Corneometer MPA580 and Hygrometer Skicon® 200Ex. The test products was applied bilaterally in a square of 4x5 cm on the inner forearms according to a randomization scheme in two test sites, one of them as "dry-shaved" control site. Both determinations were made at T0, T1 T3, T6 and T24 hours after a single standardized application.

RESULTS

Corneometer and Skicon measurements show a significant improvement of the moisturizing index from T1h with value of 39.3% and 234.4% to T6h with a value of 7.2% and 44.6% respectively after a single application.

Moisturizing Index. Corneometer MPA580®		
	% Variation	Significance
(T1h-T0)SE / (T1h-T0)C	39,30%	s
(T3h-T0)SE / (T3h-T0)C	12,60%	s
(T6h-T0)SE / (T6h-T0)C	7,20%	s
(T24h-T0)SE / (T24h-T0)C	-2,00	ns

SE: serum, C: control
 s(*): significant, when p<0,05
 ns: non significant, when p>0,05



Moisturizing Index. Skin Surface Hygrometer. Skincon-200 EX		
	% Variation	Significance
(T1h-T0)SE / (T1h-T0)C	234,40%	s
(T3h-T0)SE / (T3h-T0)C	78,20%	s
(T6h-T0)SE / (T6h-T0)C	44,60%	s
(T24h-T0)SE / (T24h-T0)C	-1,20	ns

SE: serum, C: control
 s(*): significant, when p<0,05
 ns: non significant, when p>0,05

CONCLUSIONS

This facial serum containing L-Ascorbic acid, Pre and Proteoglycans presents a statistically significant moisturizing action during 6 hours after a single application in comparison with an untreated control.

